

Findings and Recommendations

5.1 DREAD Scoring Criteria

| Damage Criteria | Critical (Score: 10) | High (Score: 7) | Medium (Score: 4) | Low (Score: 1) |
|------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Damage Potential | An attacker can gain full access to the system; execute commands as root/administrator | An attacker can gain non-privileged user access; leaking extremely sensitive information | Sensitive information leak; Denial of Service | Leaking trivial information |
| Reproducibility | The attack can be reproduced every time and does not require a timing window | The attack can be reproduced most of the time | The attack can be reproduced, but only with a timing window | The attack is very difficult to reproduce, even with knowledge of the security hole |
| Exploitability | No programming skills are needed; automated exploit tools exist | A novice hacker/programmer could execute the attack in a short time | A skilled programmer could create the attack, and a novice could repeat the steps | The attack required a skilled person and in-depth knowledge every time to exploit |
| Affected Users | All users, default configuration, key customers | Most users; common configuration | Some users; nonstandard configuration | Very small percentage of users; obscure features; affects anonymous users |
| Discoverability | Vulnerability can be found using automated scanning tools | Published information explains the attack. The vulnerability is found in the most commonly used feature | The vulnerability is in a seldom used part of the product, and few users would come across it | The vulnerability is obscure and it is unlikely that it would be discovered |

5.2 DREAD Composite Risk Categories (Key)

| Risk Rating | DREAD Score | Risk Description |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| Critical | 40-50 | A critical finding or vulnerability should be considered immediately for review and resolution. Exploitation of critical vulnerabilities is relatively easy and can lead directly to an attacker gaining privileged access (root or administrator) to the system. Findings with this risk rating, if not quickly addressed, may pose risks that could negatively impact business operations or business continuity. |

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|--------|-------|--|
| High | 25-39 | A severe finding or vulnerability should be considered for review and resolution within a short time frame. These vulnerabilities can lead to an attacker gaining non-privileged access (standard user) to a system, or the vulnerability can be leveraged to gain elevated level of access. |
| Medium | 11-24 | Moderate risk finding or vulnerabilities should be considered once the high critical and severe risks have been addressed. These vulnerabilities may leak sensitive data that an attacker can use to assist in the exploitation of other vulnerabilities. Moderate findings do not pose a substantial threat to business operations. |
| Low | 1-10 | Low risk findings are informational and do not pose significant risk to the environment. |

5.3 Remediation Effort Required (Key)

| Effort Rating | Effort Description |
|---------------|--|
| High | Significant multi-resource effort that may span over a considerable amount of time. May require a network architecture change or the purchase of additional security products. |
| Medium | One to several days requiring moderate amounts of resources. |
| Low | Less than a day requiring only a minimal amount of resources. |

5.4 Finding Summary

This section summarizes the findings documented in this report. The findings are ordered based on a weighted score of the severity.

| Finding | DREAD | Remediation | Result |
|---|-------|-------------|--------|
| Critical Risk Findings (40 – 50) | | | |
| x | | | |
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| High Risk Findings (25 – 39) | | | |
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| Medium Risk Findings (10 – 24) | | | |
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| Low Risk Findings (1 – 9) | | | |
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5.5 Summary of findings by category of risk.

- **High Risk / Low Effort:** High priority, quick fixes that can be address with little time and effort.
- **High Risk / High Effort:** Mitigation of discovered vulnerability requires financial investment, and continued effort over time. Remediation will not be instant, and the business must decide what order to mitigate.

- **Low Risk / Low Effort:** Fixes that should be addressed after High / Low are fixed, and after High / High are road mapped.
- **Low Risk / High Effort:** Low priority issues that should be taken care of when time and resources allow.

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| High Risk / Low Effort | High Risk / High Effort |
| Low Risk / Low Effort | Low Risk / High Effort |